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State Labor Summary NORTH CAROLINA

February 1988

Employment Security Commission
of North Carolina
Labor Market Information Division

State Labor Summary:
North Carolina

February 1988

Labor Market Information Division
Employment Security Commission of North Carolina
700 Wade Avenue
Post Office Box 25903
Raleigh, North Carolina 27611-5903
Telephone: (919) 733-2936

Betsy Y. Justus, Chairman

Joe Richardson,
Project Supervisor
Belinda Cox,
Layout and Design

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HIGHLIGHTS

For February 1988, the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate for North Carolina was 3.6 percent. The rate represented a drop of 1.1 from the January rate of 4.7 and a decrease of 1.4 from February 1987. The national rate, in comparison, fell from 5.8 in January and 6.6 in February 1987 to 5.7 for February 1988.

The civilian labor force, seasonally adjusted, for the state showed an increase of 9,000 from the January estimate of 3,291,000 to reach 3,300,000 in February. From February a year ago the civilian labor force grew by 42,000.

The number of persons employed in February, at 3,180,000, increased by 45,000, seasonally adjusted, over the January estimate of 3,135,000. A significant growth in employment occurred over the year as 130,000 more people were employed in February 1988 than in February 1987. Unemployment was down 36,000 over the month with the number of unemployed persons decreasing from 156,000 in January to 120,000 in February. The number unemployed in February was 43,000 less than a year ago.

The seasonally adjusted nonagricultural employment in North Carolina reached an estimated 2,935,400 in February for an increase of 19,300 from January. Most of the monthly gain occurred in nonmanufacturing (+18,600). The largest employment additions were in construction, +7,900; trade, +6,200; and in services, +5,000. Manufacturing employment was up by only 7,000 over the month as only small gains and losses were prevalent among the industry divisions. Employment over the year registered a gain of 120,900 workers over the year as nonmanufacturing experienced a growth of 96,400, and manufacturing employment expanded by 24,500. In nonmanufacturing industries, trade boasted a net yearly increase in employment of 30,700, and the service industry employment experienced a growth of 29,000. Among the manufacturing industries, employment additions were highest in textiles (+5,100); furniture (+4,500); and in machinery, except electrical (+3,100).

The number of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance averaged 54,045 a week during February. This represented a decline of 11,869 from January. Manufacturing claims were down 11,367 for the month as textiles posted a decline of 6,262; appparel, 2,220; and furniture, 817. In nonmanufacturing, claims filed by persons in construction showed a drop of 627.

In February 1988, 10,225 individuals were placed in jobs through the Employment Security Commission of North Carolina. Of this total, 4,867 were placed in manufacturing industries; 2,158 went to work in the service industry; and 1,745 found employment in the trade industry. By occupation, more than 1,000 individuals were placed in the following occupational groups: clerical; servie, except domestic; machine trades; benchwork; structural; and packaging and material handling.

Production workers in manufacturing averaged less earnings per week and per hour in February than in January. By industry, only those workers in fabricated metals; machinery, except electrical; and rubber had higher hourly earnings in February than in the prior month. Increases mounted to $.04, $.04, and $.03, respectively. From February 1987 the average hourly earnings for production workers increased $.27. Yearly increases were posted in all manufacturing industry divisions except in machinery, except electrical (no change) and tobacco (-$.06). Nonsupervisory workers in mining earned $.17 more an hour in February than in January, and those in the laundry and dry cleaning industry earned $.04 more an hour. Over the year, average hourly earnings were up for all nonsupervisory workers by industry divisions in the nonmanufacturing sector.

The number of production workers increased by 700, from 684,100 in January to 684,800 in February. Small gains and losses were evident throughout the manufacturing industries. The durable goods industries claimed a major portion (+600) of the overall growth. From February 1987, the number of production workers grew by 19,500, and 11,800 of the increase were in the nondurable goods industries. Throughout manufacturing the largest additions of production workers were noted in textiles, +4,800; furniture, +3,800; apparel, +2,300: and food, +2,100.

Table 1

Employment Status of the North Carolina Civilian Population

February 1988

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: August 1987 through January 1988					
	Feb. 1987	Sep. 1987	Oct. 1987	Nov. 1987	Dec. 1987	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1988
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,779	4,827	4,834	4,840	4,846	4,852	4,858
Civilian Labor Force	3,258	3,292	3,324	3,314	3,291	3,291	3,300
Participation Rate[1]	68.2	68.2	68.8	68.5	67.9	67.8	67.9
Employed	3,095	3,157	3,188	3,181	3,144	3,135	3,180
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	64.8	65.4	65.9	65.7	64.9	64.6	65.5
Unemployed	163	135	136	133	147	156	120
Unemployment Rate	5.0	4.1	4.1	4.0	4.5	4.7	3.6
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	----	----	----	----	----	----	----

Not Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: November 1987 through January 1988		
	Feb. 1987	Dec. 1987	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1988
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	4,779	4,846	4,852	4,858
Civilian Labor Force	3,239	3,280	3,247	3,284
Participation Rate[1]	67.8	67.7	66.9	67.6
Employed	3,059	3,144	3,082	3,146
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	64.0	64.9	63.5	63.5
Unemployed	180	136	166	138
Unemployment Rate	5.6	44.2	5.1	4.2
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.5	1.5	2.4	INA[4]

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.
[4]Information not available.

Table 2

Employment Status of the United States Civilian Population

February 1983

(Numbers in Thousands)

Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: August 1987 through January 1988					
	Feb. 1987	Sep. 1987	Oct. 1987	Nov. 1987	Dec. 1987	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1988
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	181,998	183,161	183,311	183,470	183,620	183,822	183,969
Civilian Labor Force	119,230	119,963	120,387	120,594	120,722	121,175	121,348
Participation Rate[1]	65.5	65.5	65.7	65.7	65.7	65.9	66.0
Employed	111,344	112,872	113,210	113,504	113,744	114,129	114,409
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	61.2	61.6	61.8	61.9	61.9	62.1	62.2
Unemployed	7,886	7,091	7,177	7,090	6,978	7,046	6,938
Unemployment Rate	6.6	5.9	6.0	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.7
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	2.6	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.4	INA[4]

Not Seasonally Adjusted	Reference Month: Previous Year	Time Series Data: November 1987 through January 1988		
	Feb. 1987	Dec. 1987	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1988
Civilian Noninstitutional Population	181,998	183,620	183,822	183,969
Civilian Labor Force	117,967	120,206	119,742	119,942
Participation Rate[1]	64.8	65.5	65.1	65.2
Employed	109,464	113,679	112,139	112,460
Employment-Population Ratio[2]	60.1	61.9	61.0	61.1
Unemployed	8,503	6,526	7,603	7,482
Unemployment Rate	7.2	5.4	6.3	6.2
Insured Unemployment Rate[3]	3.2	2.4	2.4	INA[4]

[1]The participation rate represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population that are in the labor force.
[2]The employment-population ratio represents the percentage of individuals in the civilian population who are employed.
[3]The insured unemployment rate represents a weekly average of weeks claimed for unemployment insurance benefits in a given month as a percentage of employment covered under the Employment Security Law for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available.
[4]Information not available.

Figure 1

A Comparison of Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Seasonally Adjusted)

February 1987-February 1988

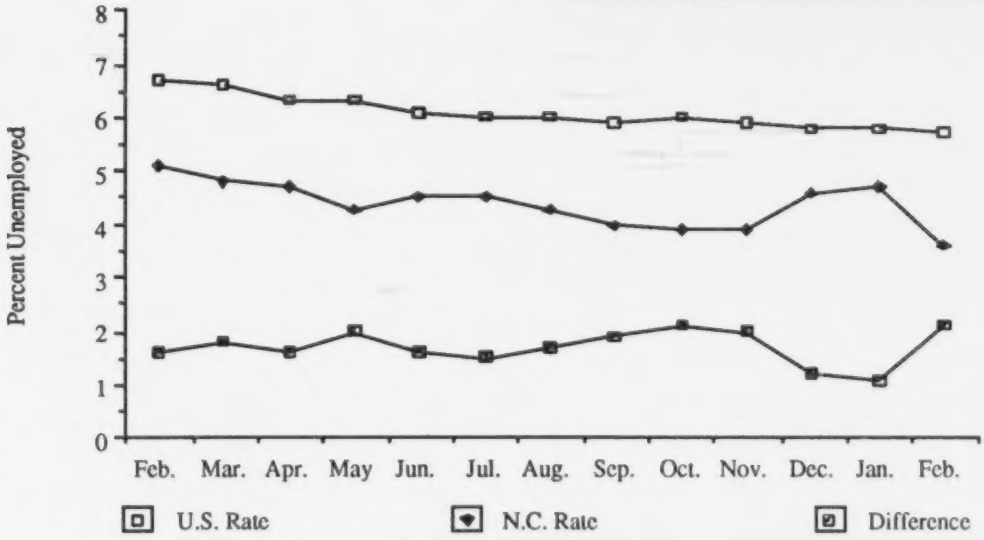

Figure 2

North Carolina Unemployment Rates (Adjusted and Unadjusted)

February 1987-February 1988

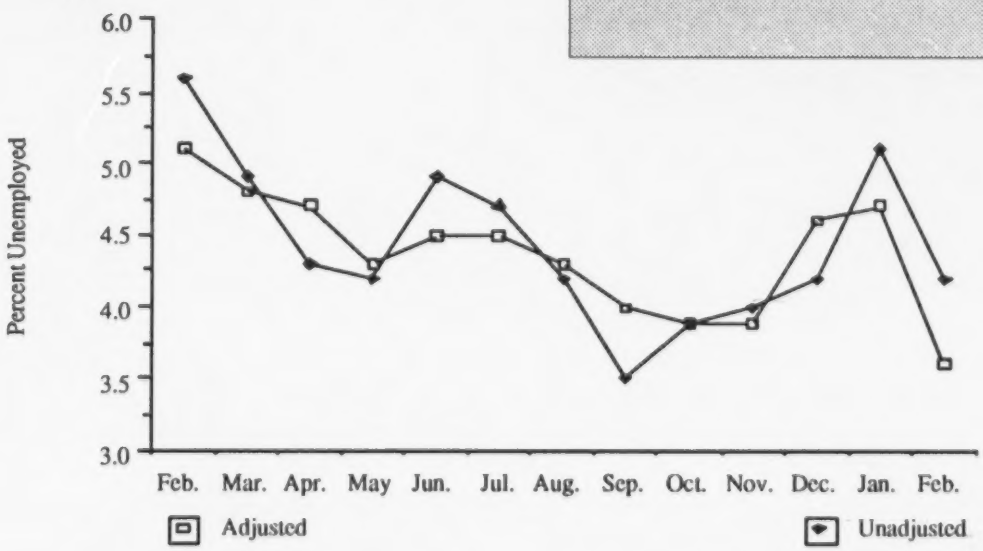

Table 3

Industry Employment in North Carolina

February 1988[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment Feb. 1988	Jan.[2] 1988	Feb. 1987	Change From: January 1988 Net	January 1988 Percent	February 1987 Net	February 1987 Percent
(Not Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force	3,284.0	3,247.3	3,239.2	+ 36.7	+ 1.1	+ 44.8	+ 1.4
Unemployment, Total	137.5	165.7	180.3	- 28.2	- 17.0	- 42.8	- 23.7
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	4.2	5.1	5.6	- 0.9	xxx	- 1.4	xxx
Employment, Total	3,146.5	3,081.6	3,058.9	+ 64.9	+ 2.1	+ 87.6	+ 2.9
(Seasonally Adjusted)							
Civilian Labor Force	3,300.0	3,291.0	3,258.0	+ 9.0	+ 0.3	+ 42.0	+ 1.3
Unemployment, Total	120.0	156.0	163.0	- 36.0	- 23.1	- 43.0	- 26.4
Percent of Civilian Labor Force	3.6	4.7	5.0	- 1.1	xxx	- 1.4	xxx
Employment, Total	3,180.0	3,135.0	3,095.0	+ 45.0	+ 1.4	+ 85.0	+ 2.7
Total Nonagricultural Employment	2,935.4	2,916.1	2,814.5	+ 19.3	+ 0.7	+ 120.9	+ 4.3
Manufacturing	869.9	869.2	845.4	+ 0.7	+ 0.1	+ 24.5	+ 2.9
Durable Goods	351.3	350.8	340.5	+ 0.5	+ 0.1	+ 10.8	+ 3.2
Lumber & Wood Products	37.0	37.2	37.8	- 0.2	- 0.5	- 0.8	- 2.1
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.6	12.6	12.5	0.0	0.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.8
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.4	9.4	9.5	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 1.1
Wood Bldgs. & Mobile Homes	4.4	4.6	5.2	- 0.2	- 4.3	- 0.8	- 15.4
Furniture & Fixtures	92.7	92.4	88.2	+ 0.3	+ 0.3	+ 4.5	+ 5.1
Household Furniture	82.3	82.1	78.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.2	+ 4.0	+ 5.1
Wood Household Furniture	41.3	41.4	39.5	- 0.1	- 0.2	+ 1.8	+ 4.6
Upholstered Household Furniture	34.9	34.8	33.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.3	+ 1.8	+ 5.4

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]Data are compiled on the basis of Place of Residence.
[4]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[5]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather and Leather Products.
[6]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[7]This category includes self-employed workers, unpaid family workers and domestic workers in private households.
[8]Less than .05 percent.

Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

February 1988[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From:			
				January 1988		February 1987	
	Feb. 1988	Jan.[2] 1988	Feb. 1987	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
Stone, Clay & Glass	20.8	20.5	20.2	+ 0.3	+ 1.5	+ 0.6	+ 3.0
Structural Clay Products	3.0	2.9	2.9	+ 0.1	+ 3.4	+ 0.1	+ 3.4
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Prods.	6.1	6.0	6.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.7	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Products	12.0	12.0	11.1	0.0	0.0	+ 0.9	+ 8.1
Fabricated Metal Products	27.1	27.1	26.6	0.0	0.0	+ 0.5	+ 1.9
Fab. Struct. Metal Products	8.5	8.6	8.5	- 0.1	- 1.2	0.0	0.0
Machinery, exc. Electrical	58.7	58.4	55.6	+ 0.3	+ 0.5	+ 3.1	+ 5.6
Special Industry Machinery	8.3	8.2	7.8	+ 0.1	+ 1.2	+ 0.5	+ 6.4
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	59.6	59.8	59.2	- 0.2	- 0.3	+ 0.4	+ 0.7
Household Appliances	4.8	4.7	4.5	+ 0.1	+ 2.1	+ 0.3	+ 6.7
Transportation Equipment	26.1	26.1	24.8	0.0	0.0	+ 1.3	+ 5.2
Other Durable Goods	17.3	17.3	17.0	0.0	0.0	+ 0.3	+ 1.8
Nondurable Goods	518.6	518.4	504.9	+ 0.2	**[8]	+ 13.7	+ 2.7
Food & Kindred Products	50.8	50.8	48.2	0.0	0.0	+ 2.6	+ 5.4
Meat Products	23.2	23.5	21.6	- 0.3	- 1.3	+ 1.6	+ 7.4
Meat Packing Products	2.4	2.5	2.3	- 0.1	- 4.0	+ 0.1	+ 4.3
Dairy Products	3.2	3.2	3.1	0.0	0.0	+ 0.1	+ 3.2
Grain Mill Products	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	0.0	- 0.1	- 3.6
Bakery Products	8.4	8.4	8.2	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 2.4
Beverages	6.0	5.9	5.8	+ 0.1	+ 1.7	+ 0.2	+ 3.4
Tobacco Manufacturers	24.1	24.4	24.9	- 0.3	- 1.2	- 0.8	- 3.2
Cigarettes	18.6	18.6	20.4	0.0	0.0	- 1.8	- 8.8
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	5.1	5.3	4.1	- 0.2	- 3.8	+ 1.0	+ 24.4
Textile Mill Products	223.0	223.0	217.9	0.0	0.0	+ 5.1	+ 2.3
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	51.5	51.5	50.2	0.0	0.0	+ 1.3	+ 2.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	26.5	26.4	25.7	+ 0.1	+ 0.4	+ 0.8	+ 3.1
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	24.4	24.5	23.9	- 0.1	- 0.4	+ 0.5	+ 2.1

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Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

February 1988[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From:			
				January 1988		February 1987	
	Feb. 1988	Jan.[2] 1988	Feb. 1987	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
Knitting Mills	84.8	84.2	83.0	+ 0.6	+ 0.7	+ 1.8	+ 2.2
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	25.6	25.2	26.0	+ 0.4	+ 1.6	- 0.4	- 1.5
Hosiery, NEC	22.5	22.5	22.7	0.0	0.0	- 0.2	- 0.9
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	16.3	16.3	15.1	0.0	0.0	+ 1.2	+ 7.9
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	6.7	6.6	6.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.5	+ 0.6	+ 9.8
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	14.9	15.1	14.5	- 0.2	- 1.3	+ 0.4	+ 2.8
Yarn & Thread Mills	56.2	56.1	55.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 1.1	+ 2.0
Apparel & Other Textile Products	90.8	90.7	88.0	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 2.8	+ 3.2
Men's & Boy's Suits, Coats & Furnishings	31.5	31.3	29.6	+ 0.2	+ 0.6	+ 1.9	+ 6.4
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	35.3	35.4	36.7	- 0.1	- 0.3	- 1.4	- 3.8
Paper & Allied Products	22.0	21.9	21.8	+ 0.1	+ 0.5	+ 0.2	+ 0.9
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	10.3	10.3	10.1	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 2.0
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	7.9	7.9	7.7	0.0	0.0	+ 0.2	+ 2.6
Printing & Publishing	29.1	28.9	28.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.7	+ 0.9	+ 3.2
Newspapers	10.8	10.7	10.5	+ 0.1	+ 0.9	+ 0.3	+ 2.9
Chemicals & Allied Products	40.5	40.3	39.8	+ 0.2	+ 0.5	+ 0.7	+ 1.8
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.1	13.0	12.5	+ 0.1	+ 0.8	+ 0.6	+ 4.8
Rubber & Misccellaneous Plastics Products	33.9	34.1	32.0	- 0.2	- 0.6	+ 1.9	+ 5.9
Other Nondurable Goods	4.4	4.3	4.1	+ 0.1	+ 2.3	+ 0.3	+ 7.3
Nonmanufacturing	2,065.5	2,046.9	1,969.1	+ 18.6	+ 0.9	+ 96.4	+ 4.9
Mining	5.0	4.9	5.0	+ 0.1	+ 2.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	169.5	161.6	156.5	+ 7.9	+ 4.9	+ 13.0	+ 8.3
Transportation & Public Utilities	145.6	145.1	138.0	+ 0.5	+ 0.3	+ 7.6	+ 5.5
Transportation, exc. Railroad	84.6	84.3	77.4	+ 0.3	+ 0.4	+ 7.2	+ 9.3
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	57.1	57.0	56.4	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.7	+ 1.2

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Table 3

(Continued)

Industry Employment in North Carolina

February 1988[1]

(Seasonally Adjusted)
(Numbers in Thousands)

Classification	Total Employment			Change From:			
				January 1988		February 1987	
	Feb. 1988	Jan.[2] 1988	Feb. 1987	Net	Percent	Net	Percent
Wholesale and Retail Trade	665.0	658.8	634.3	+ 6.2	+ 0.9	+ 30.7	+ 4.8
Wholesale Trade	158.9	158.6	150.0	+ 0.3	+ 0.2	+ 8.9	+ 5.9
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	95.8	95.7	90.7	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 5.1	+ 5.6
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	63.1	62.9	59.3	+ 0.2	+ 0.3	+ 3.8	+ 6.4
Retail Trade	506.1	500.2	484.3	+ 5.9	+ 1.2	+ 21.8	+ 4.5
General Merchandise Stores	69.8	69.0	68.0	+ 0.8	+ 1.2	+ 1.8	+ 2.6
Food Stores	78.9	78.0	76.4	+ 0.9	+ 1.2	+ 2.5	+ 3.3
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	130.3	130.7	122.7	- 0.4	- 0.3	+ 7.6	+ 6.2
Service & Miscellaneous	505.4	500.4	476.4	+ 5.0	+ 1.0	+ 29.0	+ 6.1
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	28.7	28.3	28.0	+ 0.4	+ 1.4	+ 0.7	+ 2.5
Personal Services	31.4	30.9	28.4	+ 0.5	+ 1.6	+ 3.0	+ 10.6
Laudries, Cleaning & Garment Service	13.9	13.8	12.8	+ 0.1	+ 0.7	+ 1.1	+ 8.6
Total Government	444.7	445.4	436.2	- 0.7	- 0.2	+ 8.5	+ 1.9
Federal	53.4	53.8	52.7	- 0.4	- 0.7	+ 0.7	+ 1.3
State	128.9	129.1	127.6	- 0.2	- 0.2	+ 1.3	+ 1.0
Education	66.9	66.8	66.6	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.3	+ 0.5
Other	62.0	62.3	61.0	- 0.3	- 0.5	+ 1.0	+ 1.6
Local	262.4	262.5	255.9	- 0.1	**[8]	+ 6.5	+ 2.5
Education	136.2	136.7	133.8	- 0.5	- 0.4	+ 2.4	+ 1.8
Other	126.2	125.8	122.1	+ 0.4	+ 0.3	+ 4.1	+ 3.4
All Other Nonag. Employment	255.6	252.3	252.3	+ 3.3	+ 1.3	+ 3.3	+ 1.3
Agriculture	34.1	32.2	36.7	+ 1.9	+ 5.9	- 2.6	- 7.1

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Figure 3

Composition of Nonagricultural Employment in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

February 1988

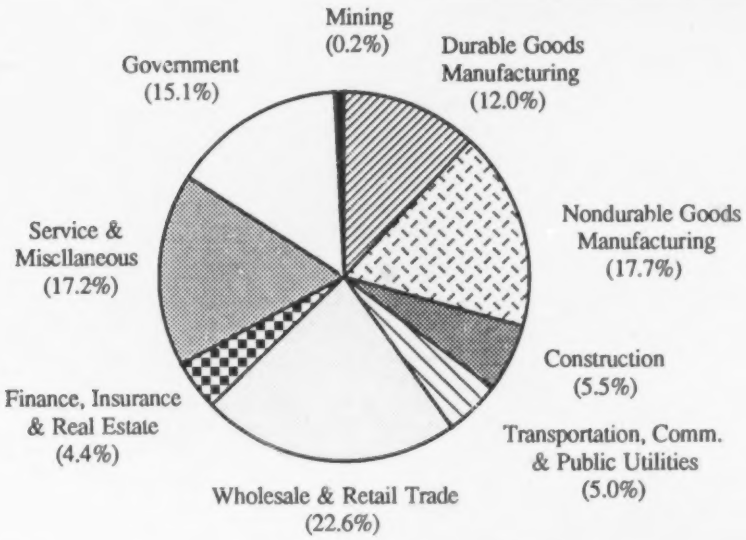


Figure 4

Employment Levels in Major Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina (Seasonally Adjusted)

February 1988

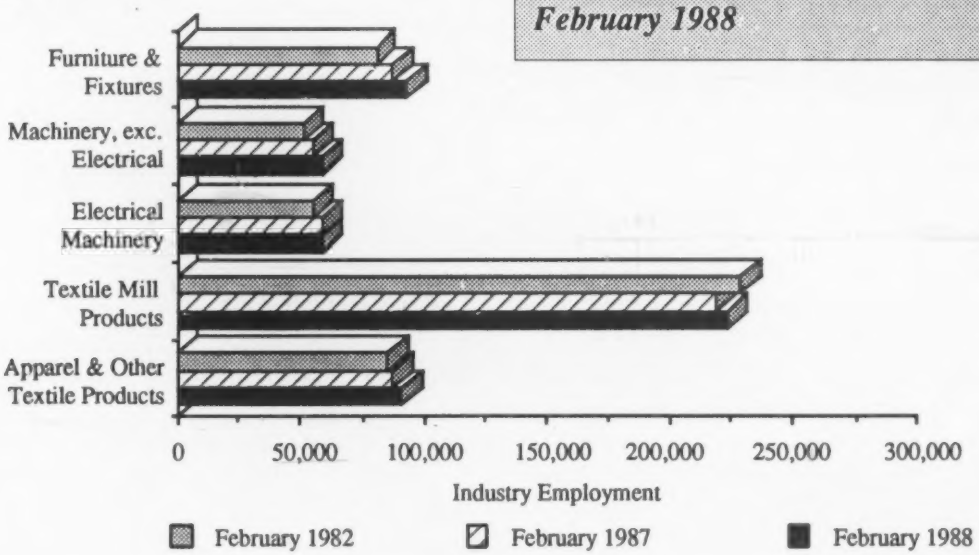


Table 4

Insured Unemployment in North Carolina: Claims Taking Activities by Major Industry Sector[1]

February 1988

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry of Primary Attachment	Insured Employment	Weeks Claimed: Weekly Total	Weeks Claimed: % of Insured Employment	Change From Previous Month: Numerical	Change From Previous Month: Percent
Total All Industries	2,712,755	54,045	2.0	- 11,869	- 18.0
Manufacturing Total	840,940	19,197	2.3	- 11,367	- 37.2
Food Products	48,001	1,448	3.0	- 567	- 28.1
Tobacco	24,981	547	2.2	+ 293	+ 115.4
Textile Products	218,856	5,127	2.3	- 6,262	- 55.0
Apparel Products	84,630	2,800	3.3	- 2,220	- 44.2
Lumber & Wood	37,870	1,975	5.2	- 233	- 10.6
Furniture & Fixtures	87,402	1,590	1.8	- 817	- 33.9
Paper & Allied	21,991	278	1.3	+ 69	+ 33.0
Printing & Publishing	28,136	253	0.9	+ 18	+ 7.7
Chemicals & Allied	39,331	297	0.8	- 126	- 29.8
Rubber & Plastics	32,700	798	2.4	- 181	- 18.5
Leather Products	3,474	48	1.4	- 229	- 82.7
Stone, Clay & Glass	20,159	671	3.3	- 194	- 22.4
Primary & Fabricated Metals	37,130	692	1.9	- 158	- 18.6
Nonelectrical Machinery	55,952	570	1.0	- 183	- 24.3
Electrical & Electronic Machinery	58,089	1,449	2.5	- 378	- 20.7
Transportation Equipment	24,139	352	1.5	- 172	- 32.8
Other Manufacturing[2]	18,099	302	1.7	- 27	- 8.2
Construction	155,705	11,865	7.6	- 627	- 5.0
Transportation, Comm. & Utilities	132,923	1,786	1.3	+ 49	+ 2.8
Trade	633,734	7,780	1.2	- 299	- 3.7
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	121,292	1,126	0.9	+ 84	+ 8.1
Services	429,428	4,623	1.1	+ 281	+ 6.5
State Government	112,590	440	0.4	+ 7	+ 1.6
Local Government	256,243	790	0.3	+ 33	+ 4.4
Other[3]	xxx	6,438	xxx	- 30	- 0.5

[1]These include new and additional claims. Additional claims are claims which are reopened during the course of an established benefit year.
[2]"Other Manufacturing" includes Petroleum Refining, Instruments and Miscellaneous Manufacturing.
[3]"Other" includes persons who filed but did not establish a benefit year due to insufficient industry attachment and/or the lack of determination of industry attachment; it also includes Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Mining industry employees.

Table 5

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions

February 1988[1]

Occupational Categories and Divisions	Total Individuals Placed[2]	Total Individuals Placed In Regular Jobs[2,3]	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishery	Mining	Construction
Total	10,225	9,931	293	23	890
Professional, Technical & Managerial Occupations	325	320	0	1	5
Clerical Occupations	1,510	1,474	12	1	23
Sales Occupations	284	280	0	0	3
Domestic Service Occupations	92	83	1	0	0
Other Service Occupations	1,764	1,577	5	0	17
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishery & Related Occupations	307	294	246	0	1
Processing Occupations	677	656	8	9	1
Machine Trade Occupations	1,415	1,412	1	1	16
Benchwork Occupations	1,891	1,888	7	0	8
Structural Work Occupations	1,275	1,253	9	0	786
Motor Freight & Transportation Occupations	242	230	8	2	13
Packaging & Materials Handling Occupations	1,939	1,830	0	8	30
Miscellaneous Occupations	36	33	0	1	0

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Table 5
(Continued)

Individuals Placed in Jobs by the Employment Security Commission by Occupational Categories and Industrial Divisions

February 1988[1]

Manufacturing	Transportation & Utilities	Wholesale & Retail Trade	Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	Services	Public Administration	Government
4,867	623	1,745	118	2,158	306	638
30	8	36	11	178	53	122
215	300	456	68	355	98	246
10	7	219	12	32	0	1
0	0	0	0	82	0	6
81	9	642	11	743	103	161
31	0	2	4	9	5	15
589	0	48	0	5	1	1
1,267	10	48	1	74	1	5
1,720	1	25	0	141	1	2
315	13	36	11	96	32	40
29	90	64	0	24	7	9
972	191	212	0	487	2	32
19	2	1	0	7	3	4

[1]The program year for the Employment Service Division runs from July 1, 1987 to June 30, 1988.
[2]The Total Individuals Placed and Total Individuals Placed in Regular Jobs do not include individuals who were placed in more than one job during the program year. However, the figures listed for industrial divisions do count each placement of an individual.
[3]A regular job is defined as a job which has a duration of three or more days.

Figure 5

A Comparison of Insured Unemployment Rates in North Carolina and the United States (Not Seasonally Adjusted)

February 1987-February 1988

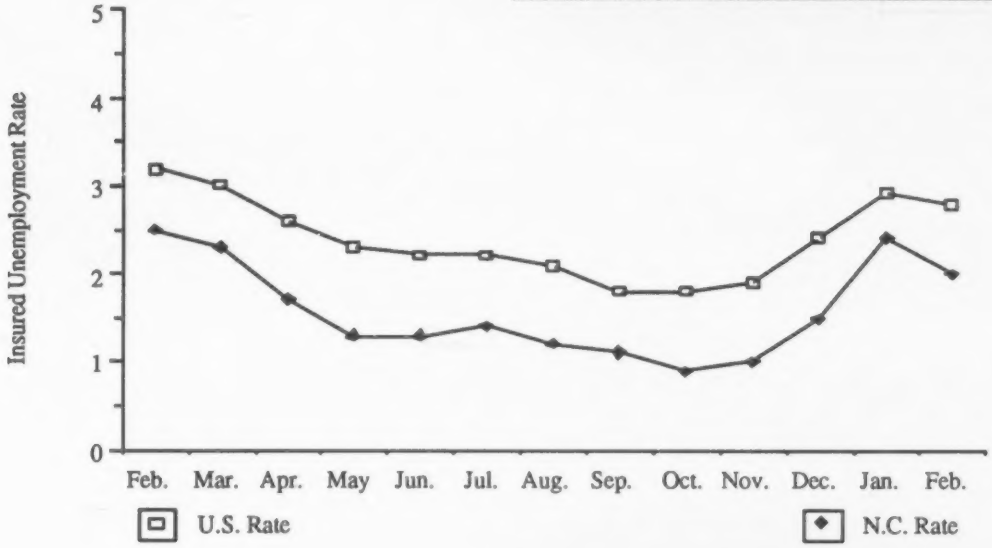
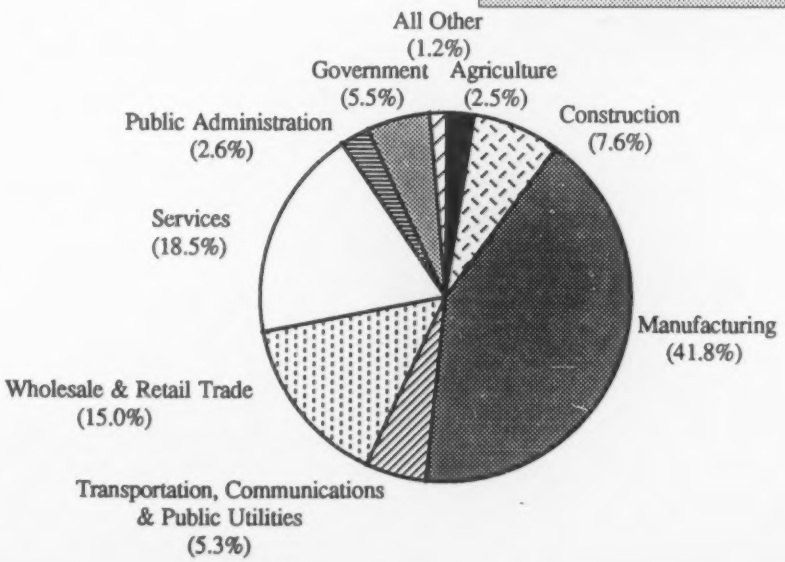


Figure 6

Individuals Placed in Jobs through the Employment Security Commission by Major Industrial Category

February 1988



Appendix

Table I — *Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina*

Table II — *Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-Supervisory Workers in North Carolina*

Figure I — *Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina*

Figure II — *Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Compared to the North Carolina Average*

Table III — *Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina*

Table I

Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina

February 1988[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment Feb. 1988	Jan.[2] 1988	Feb. 1987	Percent Change From: Jan. 1988	Feb. 1987
Total Nonagricultural Employment	2,902.2	2,882.6	2,783.5	+ 0.7	+ 4.3
Manufacturing	864.5	863.8	840.2	+ 0.1	+ 2.9
Durable Goods	350.2	349.7	339.5	+ 0.1	+ 3.2
Lumber & Wood Products	36.4	36.6	37.2	- 0.5	- 2.2
Sawmills & Planing Mills	12.4	12.3	12.3	+ 0.8	+ 0.8
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	9.3	9.2	9.4	+ 1.1	- 1.1
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	4.3	4.5	5.1	- 4.4	- 15.7
Furniture & Fixtures	93.3	93.0	88.8	+ 0.3	+ 5.1
Household Furniture	83.0	82.6	78.9	+ 0.5	+ 5.2
Wood Household Furniture	41.4	41.3	39.6	+ 0.2	+ 4.5
Upholstered Household Furniture	35.0	34.9	33.2	+ 0.3	+ 5.4
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	20.4	20.1	19.9	+ 1.5	+ 2.5
Structural Clay Products	2.8	2.7	2.7	+ 3.7	+ 3.7
Concrete, Gypsum & Plaster Products	5.9	5.8	5.9	+ 1.7	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	11.9	11.9	11.0	0.0	+ 8.2
Fabricated Metal Industries	26.9	27.0	26.4	- 0.4	+ 1.9
Fabricated Structural Metal Products	8.3	8.4	8.3	- 1.2	0.0
Machinery, except Electrical	58.6	58.3	55.5	+ 0.5	+ 5.6
Special Industry Machinery	8.3	8.2	7.8	+ 1.2	+ 6.4
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	59.3	57.7	58.9	- 0.7	+ 0.7
Household Appliances	4.4	4.6	4.2	- 4.3	+ 4.8
Transportation Equipment	26.1	25.9	24.8	+ 0.8	+ 5.2
Other Durable Goods[3]	17.2	17.3	16.9	- 0.6	+ 1.8
Nondurable Goods	514.3	514.1	500.7	**[6]	+ 2.7
Food & Kindred Products	49.7	49.9	47.2	- 0.4	+ 5.3
Meat Products	23.1	23.3	21.5	- 0.9	+ 7.4
Meat Packing Plants	2.4	2.5	2.3	- 4.0	+ 4.3
Dairy Products	3.1	3.1	3.0	0.0	+ 3.3
Grain Mill Products	2.7	2.7	2.8	0.0	- 3.6
Bakery Products	8.3	8.3	8.1	0.0	+ 2.5
Beverages	5.8	5.8	5.6	0.0	+ 3.6

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
[6]Less than .05 percent.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina

February 1988[1] (Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment			Percent Change From:	
	Feb. 1988	Jan.[2] 1988	Feb. 1987	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1987
Tobacco Manufacturers	23.4	24.7	24.2	- 5.3	- 3.3
Cigarettes	18.5	18.6	20.3	- 0.5	- 8.9
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	4.4	5.6	3.5	-21.4	+ 25.7
Textile Mill Products	221.0	220.5	215.9	+ 0.2	+ 2.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	51.3	51.7	50.0	- 0.8	+ 2.6
Weaving Mills, Cotton	26.4	26.6	25.6	- 0.8	+ 3.1
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	24.3	24.5	23.8	- 0.8	+ 2.1
Knitting Mills	84.0	82.9	82.3	+ 1.3	+ 2.1
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	25.4	25.0	25.8	+ 1.6	- 1.6
Hosiery, NEC	22.3	22.0	22.5	+ 1.4	- 0.9
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	16.1	15.9	14.9	+ 1.3	+ 8.1
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	6.6	6.5	6.0	+ 1.5	+ 10.0
Textile Finishing, except Wool	14.8	15.0	14.4	- 1.3	+ 2.8
Yarn & Thread Mills	55.9	56.0	54.8	- 0.2	+ 2.0
Apparel & Other Textile Products	90.3	90.0	87.5	+ 0.3	+ 3.2
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	31.4	31.1	29.5	+ 1.0	+ 6.4
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	35.2	35.1	36.6	+ 0.3	- 3.8
Paper & Allied Products	22.1	22.1	21.9	0.0	+ 0.9
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	10.5	10.5	10.3	0.0	+ 1.9
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	7.8	7.9	7.6	- 1.3	+ 2.6
Printing & Publishing	29.4	29.1	28.5	+ 1.0	+ 3.2
Newspapers	10.7	10.6	10.4	+ 0.9	+ 2.9
Chemicals & Allied Products	40.3	40.0	39.6	+ 0.8	+ 1.8
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	13.1	13.0	12.5	+ 0.8	+ 4.8
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	33.8	33.6	31.9	+ 0.6	+ 6.0
Other Nondurable Goods[4]	4.4	4.3	4.1	+ 2.3	+ 7.3

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services, Forestry and Fisheries.
[6]Less than .05 percent.

Table I
(Continued)

Detailed Industry Employment (not seasonally adjusted) in North Carolina

January 1988[1] (Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Total Employment			Percent Change From:	
	Feb. 1988	Jan.[2] 1988	Feb. 1987	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1987
Nonmanufacturing	2,037.7	2,018.7	1,943.3	+ 0.9	+ 4.9
Mining	4.8	4.8	4.8	0.0	0.0
Construction	159.7	152.4	147.4	+ 4.8	+ 8.3
Transportation & Public Utilities	143.6	142.9	136.1	+ 0.5	+ 5.5
Transportation, except Railroad	83.1	82.4	76.0	+ 0.8	+ 9.3
Comm. & Electric, Gas & Sanitary Services	56.7	56.7	56.0	0.0	+ 1.2
Wholesale & Retail Trade	648.7	650.0	618.7	- 0.2	+ 4.8
Wholesale Trade	156.8	156.3	148.0	+ 0.3	+ 5.9
Wholesale Trade - Durable Goods	95.5	95.2	90.4	+ 0.3	+ 5.6
Wholesale Trade - Nondurable Goods	61.3	61.1	57.6	+ 0.3	+ 6.4
Retail Trade	491.9	493.7	470.7	- 0.4	+ 4.5
General Merchandise Stores	67.4	69.7	65.7	- 3.3	+ 2.6
Food Stores	78.0	77.8	75.6	+ 0.3	+ 3.2
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	129.1	129.4	121.6	- 0.2	+ 6.2
Service & Miscellaneous[5]	496.8	489.9	468.3	+ 1.4	+ 6.1
Hotels & Other Lodging Places	25.5	24.9	24.9	+ 2.4	+ 2.4
Personal Services	32.1	31.5	29.0	+ 1.9	+ 10.7
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	13.8	13.8	12.7	0.0	+ 8.7
Health Services	124.3	123.8	118.7	+ 0.4	+ 4.7
Hospitals	47.5	47.2	45.7	+ 0.6	+ 3.9
Legal Services	12.8	12.7	11.4	+ 0.8	+ 12.2
Educational Services	33.4	31.6	33.7	+ 5.7	- 0.9
Total Government	455.1	449.4	446.6	+ 1.3	+ 1.9
Federal	53.0	53.4	52.3	- 0.7	+ 1.3
State	132.8	128.0	131.4	+ 3.8	+ 1.1
Education	71.5	66.6	71.1	+ 7.4	+ 0.6
Other	61.3	61.4	60.3	- 0.2	+ 1.7
Local	269.3	268.0	262.8	+ 0.5	+ 2.5
Education	144.9	144.5	142.4	+ 0.3	+ 1.8
Other	124.4	123.5	120.4	+ 0.7	+ 3.3

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments & Related Products and Miscellaneous Manufacturing Industries.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]This category includes Services, except Domestic, Agricultural Services; Forestry and Fisheries.
[6]Less than .05 percent.

Table II

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

February 1988[2]

(Numbers in Thousands)

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Feb. 1988	Jan.[3] 1987	Feb.[3] 1987	Feb. 1988	Jan.[3] 1987	Feb.[3] 1987	Feb. 1988	Jan.[3] 1987	Feb.[3] 1987
Manufacturing	322.80	325.19	321.26	40.3	40.7	41.4	8.01	7.99	7.76
Durable Goods	338.23	341.96	335.27	40.8	41.3	41.7	8.29	8.28	8.04
Lumber & Wood Products	281.20	279.20	277.95	40.0	40.0	41.3	7.03	6.98	6.73
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	285.42	285.77	274.55	40.6	41.0	41.1	7.03	6.97	6.68
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	320.62	286.04	311.20	39.1	37.1	40.0	8.20	7.71	7.78
Furniture & Fixtures	286.73	291.46	290.09	38.8	39.6	40.8	7.39	7.36	7.11
Household Furniture	284.40	289.87	289.27	38.8	39.6	40.8	7.33	7.32	7.09
Wood Household Furniture	272.35	278.70	277.64	39.3	40.1	41.5	6.93	6.95	6.69
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	365.29	367.42	357.44	41.7	41.8	42.3	8.76	8.79	8.45
Structural Clay Products	321.20	316.83	315.00	42.6	42.3	45.0	7.54	7.49	7.00
Primary Metal Industries	409.92	412.02	395.85	42.7	43.6	43.5	9.60	9.45	9.10
Fabricated Metal Industries	369.98	373.05	357.70	41.9	42.2	41.4	8.83	8.84	8.64
Machinery, exc. Electrical	379.14	380.84	391.13	42.6	42.6	43.8	8.90	8.94	8.93
Special Industry Machinery	362.92	371.95	370.99	42.2	43.3	43.8	8.60	8.59	8.47
Electrical Machinery	385.74	393.64	375.50	41.3	42.1	41.4	9.34	9.35	9.07
Household Appliances	274.09	288.01	248.61	39.1	41.5	36.4	7.01	6.94	6.83
Transportation Equipment	392.84	403.64	378.45	43.6	44.7	43.6	9.01	9.03	8.68
Nondurable Goods	313.20	314.74	313.47	40.0	40.3	41.3	7.83	7.81	7.59
Food & Kindred Products	268.28	266.32	263.47	38.0	37.3	37.8	7.06	7.14	6.97
Meat Products	213.96	208.29	208.25	35.9	34.6	35.0	5.96	6.02	5.95
Meat Packing Products	343.12	314.03	339.39	42.1	39.7	41.9	8.15	7.91	8.10

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Table II

(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

January 1988[2]

(Numbers in Thousands)

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Feb. 1988	Jan.[3] 1987	Feb.[3] 1987	Feb. 1988	Jan.[3] 1987	Feb.[3] 1987	Feb. 1988	Jan.[3] 1987	Feb.[3] 1987
Dairy Products	309.46	297.20	304.16	43.1	41.8	41.9	7.18	7.11	7.09
Grain Mill Products	331.14	332.11	328.86	41.6	42.2	43.5	7.96	7.87	7.56
Bakery Products	322.64	330.64	308.92	41.1	41.8	41.3	7.85	7.91	7.48
Beverages	511.75	518.06	479.14	40.2	40.6	39.5	12.73	12.76	12.13
Tobacco Manufacturers	623.10	581.03	566.62	40.2	39.1	37.8	15.50	14.86	14.99
Cigarettes	672.77	666.65	621.01	40.7	39.8	38.5	16.53	16.75	16.13
Textile Mill Products	235.15	220.98	208.63	35.9	35.7	32.7	6.55	6.19	6.38
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	286.82	291.33	293.26	40.8	41.5	43.0	7.03	7.02	6.82
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	321.03	327.66	334.63	41.0	41.9	43.8	7.83	782.00	7.64
Weaving Mills, Cotton	312.44	326.23	341.30	39.7	41.4	43.7	7.87	7.88	7.81
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	328.32	329.80	327.19	42.2	42.5	43.8	7.78	7.76	7.47
Knitting Mills	265.17	266.59	263.74	40.3	40.7	41.6	6.58	6.55	6.34
Women's Hosiery, exc. Socks	240.33	243.82	243.41	38.7	39.2	40.1	6.21	6.22	6.07
Hosiery, NEC	260.53	264.36	247.78	40.9	41.5	39.9	6.37	6.37	6.21
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	299.94	300.46	303.16	41.6	42.2	44.0	7.21	7.12	6.89
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	337.72	338.00	336.92	45.7	45.8	48.2	7.39	7.38	6.99
Textile Finishing, exc. Wool	287.83	296.90	302.13	40.2	41.7	43.1	7.16	7.12	7.01
Yarn & Thread Mills	284.00	291.06	296.82	41.1	42.0	44.5	6.91	6.93	6.67
Apparel & Other Textile Products	207.58	207.94	207.90	37.2	37.4	38.5	5.58	5.56	5.40
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	206.55	205.10	208.62	36.3	36.3	38.0	5.69	5.65	5.04
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	191.73	196.27	187.99	36.8	37.6	37.3	5.21	5.22	5.49

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Table II
(Continued)

Average Weekly Earnings, Hours and Hourly Earnings of Selected Production and Non-supervisory Workers in North Carolina[1]

January 1988[2]

(Numbers in Thousands)

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	Feb. 1988	Jan.[3] 1987	Feb.[3] 1987	Feb. 1988	Jan.[3] 1987	Feb.[3] 1987	Feb. 1988	Jan.[3] 1987	Feb.[3] 1987
Paper & Allied Products	485.07	490.91	496.60	42.7	43.1	44.3	11.36	11.39	11.21
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	638.44	631.15	678.28	44.0	43.2	47.3	14.51	14.61	14.34
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	378.90	389.85	361.23	41.5	42.7	42.2	9.13	9.30	8.56
Printing & Publishing	359.72	357.37	349.77	39.1	39.1	39.3	9.20	9.13	8.90
Newspapers	297.14	289.66	280.11	33.2	32.4	32.8	8.95	8.94	8.54
Chemicals & Allied Products	463.75	471.32	445.12	42.9	43.4	42.8	10.81	10.86	10.40
Plastics & Synthetics	525.33	528.39	526.92	44.9	45.2	45.7	11.70	11.69	11.53
Rubber & Misc. Plastics Products	405.41	401.80	390.52	41.2	41.0	41.5	9.84	9.80	9.41
Mining	430.83	409.45	391.44	47.5	45.8	46.6	9.07	8.94	8.40
Comm. & Elec., Gas & Sanitary Services	514.88	521.94	509.54	42.1	42.4	41.8	12.23	12.31	12.19
Wholesale & Retail Trade	208.93	206.98	206.40	31.8	31.6	32.3	6.57	6.55	6.39
Wholesale Trade	333.26	329.16	327.16	39.3	39.0	39.8	8.48	8.44	8.22
Retail Trade	173.75	171.69	172.44	29.7	29.5	30.2	5.85	5.82	5.71
General Merchandise Stores	156.20	151.00	159.05	26.7	25.9	28.2	5.85	5.83	5.64
Food Stores	182.68	185.81	185.81	30.6	30.6	31.6	5.97	5.98	5.88
Services, Hotels & Other Lodging Places	148.54	147.56	141.85	30.5	30.3	29.8	4.87	4.87	4.76
Laundries, Cleaning & Garment Service	203.35	201.24	198.71	35.0	35.0	34.8	5.81	5.85	5.71

[1]These data pertain to production workers in selected manufacturing industries and non-supervisory employees in selected nonmanufacturing industries.
[2]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[3]Revised.

Figure I

Average Hourly Earnings by Major Industry Sectors in North Carolina

February 1988

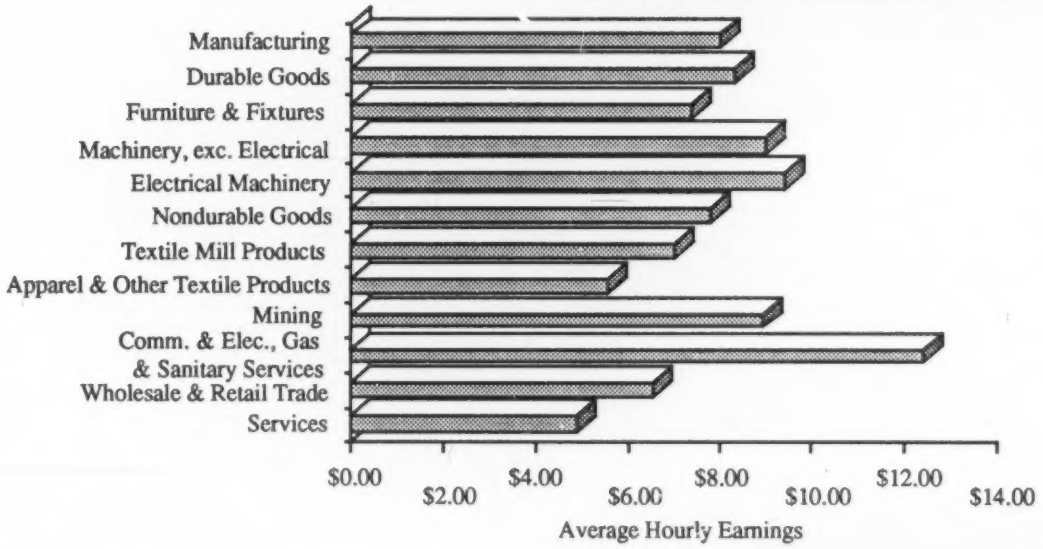


Figure II

Average Hourly Earnings in Durable Goods Industries Compared to the North Carolina Average

February 1988

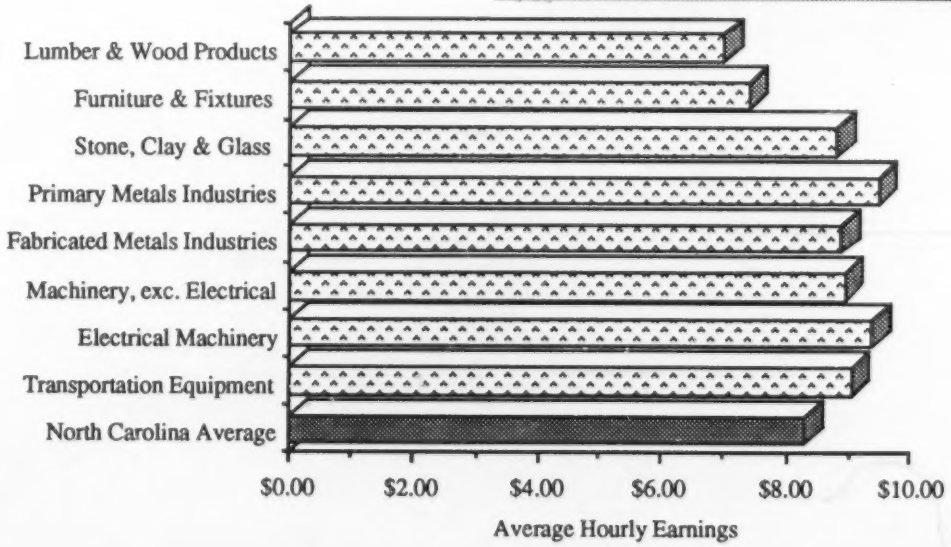


Table III

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

February 1988[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	Feb. 1988	Jan.[2] 1988	Feb. 1987	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1987
Manufacturing	684.8	684.1	665.3	+ 0.1	+ 2.9
Durable Goods	264.1	263.5	256.3	+ 0.2	+ 3.0
Lumber & Wood Products	30.9	31.0	31.7	- 0.3	- 2.5
Millwork, Plywood & Structural Members	8.0	7.9	8.1	+ 1.3	- 1.2
Wood Buildings & Mobile Homes	3.5	3.7	4.1	- 5.4	- 14.6
Furniture & Fixtures	81.6	81.3	77.8	+ 0.4	+ 4.9
Household Furniture	73.0	72.7	69.6	+ 0.4	+ 4.9
Wood Household Furniture	37.5	37.4	36.0	+ 0.3	+ 4.2
Stone, Clay & Glass Products	16.3	16.0	15.9	+ 1.9	+ 2.5
Structural Clay Products	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	8.9	8.9	8.2	0.0	+ 8.5
Fabricated Metal Industries	20.2	20.2	19.8	0.0	+ 2.0
Machinery, except Electrical	29.8	29.6	28.1	+ 0.7	+ 6.0
Special Industry Machinery	5.7	5.6	5.3	+ 1.8	+ 7.5
Electrical & Electronic Equipment	42.4	42.5	42.1	- 0.2	+ 0.7
Household Appliances	3.7	4.0	3.8	- 7.5	- 2.6
Transportation Equipment	21.1	20.9	20.0	+ 1.0	+ 5.5
Other Durable Goods[3]	13.0	13.0	12.6	0.0	+ 3.2
Nondurable Goods	420.7	420.6	408.9	**[5]	+ 2.9
Food & Kindred Products	35.7	35.9	33.6	- 0.6	+ 6.2
Meat Products	20.4	20.6	19.1	- 1.0	+ 6.8
Meat Packing Plants	1.7	1.8	1.7	- 5.6	0.0
Dairy Products	1.7	1.7	1.6	0.0	+ 6.2
Grain Mill Products	2.0	2.0	2.1	0.0	- 4.8
Bakery Products	4.8	4.8	4.6	0.0	+ 4.3

[1]Data for the current month are preliminary.
[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments and Miscellaneous Manufacturing.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]Less than .05 percent.

Table III
(Continued)

Production Workers in Selected Manufacturing Industries in North Carolina

February 1988[1]

(Numbers in Thousands)

Industry	Number of Production Workers			Percent Change From:	
	Feb. 1988	Jan.[2] 1988	Feb. 1987	Jan. 1988	Feb. 1987
Beverages	2.3	2.3	2.2	0.0	+ 4.5
Tobacco Manufacturers	18.0	19.1	18.7	- 5.8	- 3.7
Cigarettes	13.9	14.0	15.7	- 0.7	- 11.5
Tobacco Stemming & Redrying	3.8	4.8	2.6	-20.8	+ 46.2
Textile Mill Products	195.7	195.2	190.9	+ 0.3	+ 2.5
Weaving Mills, Cotton, Synthetics & Wool	45.8	46.1	44.3	- 0.7	+ 3.4
Weaving Mills, Cotton	23.4	23.5	22.4	- 0.4	+ 4.5
Weaving Mills, Synthetics	21.9	22.1	21.3	- 0.9	+ 2.8
Knitting Mills	74.4	73.4	72.9	+ 1.4	+ 2.1
Women's Hosiery, except Socks	22.4	22.1	22.9	+ 1.4	- 2.2
Hosiery, NEC	20.2	19.9	20.3	+ 1.5	- 0.5
Circular Knit Fabric Mills	13.9	13.8	12.8	+ 0.7	+ 8.6
Warp Knit Fabric Mills	5.8	5.7	5.2	+ 1.8	+ 11.5
Textile Finishing, except Wool	12.5	12.7	12.1	- 1.6	+ 3.3
Yarn & Thread Mills	50.7	50.8	49.7	- 0.2	+ 2.0
Apparel & Other Textile Products	78.6	78.3	76.3	+ 0.4	+ 3.0
Men's & Boys' Suits, Coats & Furnishings	27.0	26.7	25.6	+ 1.1	+ 5.5
Women's & Children's Outerwear & Undergarments	30.7	30.6	31.9	+ 0.3	- 3.8
Paper & Allied Products	16.6	16.6	16.4	0.0	+ 1.2
Pulp, Paper & Paperboard Mills	7.4	7.4	7.3	0.0	+ 1.4
Paperboard Containers & Boxes	6.0	6.0	5.7	0.0	+ 5.3
Printing & Publishing	18.5	18.2	17.6	+ 1.6	+ 5.1
Newspapers	4.2	4.2	4.0	0.0	+ 5.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	26.2	26.0	25.8	+ 0.8	+ 1.6
Plastics Materials & Synthetics	9.3	9.3	8.8	0.0	+ 5.7
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics Products	27.7	27.6	26.2	+ 0.4	+ 5.7
Other Nondurable Goods[4]	3.8	3.6	3.4	+ 5.6	+ 11.8

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[2]Revised.
[3]This category includes Instruments and Miscellaneous Manufacturing.
[4]This category includes Petroleum & Coal Products and Leather & Leather Products.
[5]Less than .05 percent.